

## St Peter's Geography Medium term Plan 2020-2021

## PETER'S CAN

## <u>Year 2</u>

Autumn 2	Spring 2	Summer 2
Alaskan Adventure	Karibu Kenya	Life on an Island
<ul> <li>Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans</li> <li>Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom</li> <li>Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country (USA: Anchorage, Alaska).</li> <li>Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles</li> <li>Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: Physical features, including: river, ocean, season, weather</li> <li>Human features, including: city, town, village</li> <li>Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage</li> <li>Use simple compass directions (North, South, East West)</li> <li>Use of aerial photographs to plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic physical and human features; devise a simple map, use and construct basic symbols and a key</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans</li> <li>Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom</li> <li>Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country (Kenya).</li> <li>Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:         <ul> <li>Physical features, including: forest, mountain, ocean, soil, vegetation, valley</li> <li>Human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house and shop.</li> <li>Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage (recap compass points: (NESW)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans</li> <li>Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom</li> <li>Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: -Physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, sea, ocean, valley -Human features, including: city, town, village, farm, house, shop, harbour, port</li> <li>Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage</li> <li>Use simple compass directions (North, South, East West) and locational and directional language (e.g. near and far; left and right), to describe the location of features and routes on a map</li> <li>Use aerial photographs to recognise basic human and physical features</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>Map lesson: To locate Bury, England and Anchorage,         Alaska and all continents on a world map (locate their         nearest oceans (discuss that Alaska is not a country         but a state whereas England is a country</li> <li>Map lesson: To use aerial photographs to identify hot</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>To locate the UK on a map, its four countries and their capital cities.</li> <li>To identify England and Kenya on a world map, their continents, capital cities and nearest oceans. (have Anchorage, Bury, Europe and North America on the</li> </ol>	To use an atlas to identify the Isle of Wight and Hawaii and their capitals, continents and nearest oceans -Identify England and discuss Isle of Wight being an Island off England, identify capital and Europe. Locate
and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator	map to see in relation to new places)	Hawaii and capital and discuss it being an Island near

and North and South Poles (use compass points in this lesson) (use aerial photographs so show land covered in ice (google maps)  3. To use aerial photographs to compare human and physical landmarks in Anchorage and Bury (devise a simple map and construct symbols and a key)  4. To compare physical features of Bury and Anchorage (rivers- Eagle River and Irwell)  5. To compare the seasons and weather in Bury and Anchorage  6. To compare the human features of Bury and Anchorage (town, village)	*ensure children know the difference between the sea	Florida etc. and it being part of North America) (Kenya could already be on this map so children can see where Hawaii is in relation to previous topic) - locate the nearest oceans 2. To use atlases, globes and maps to identify countries that are to the north, east, south west of Hawaii and Isle of Wight (also use directional language near, far, left, right) 3. To use aerial photographs to identify physical features of Hawaii and Isle of Wight (beach, cliff, coast, seas) 4. To locate the human features of Hawaii and Isle of Wight (locate cities, towns and villages and share pictures of some of these, talk about their differences between the two places) 5. To use aerial photographs to identify harbours and ports in Hawaii and Isle of Wight 6. To compare farms, houses and shops in Hawaii and Isle of Wight
Continent, aerial photograph, symbol, season, Autumn, Winter, Summer, Spring, landmarks,	Country, capital city, ocean, river, mountain, forest, vegetation, factory, farm, village, town	Ocean, vegetation, climate, physical/human features, population, transport, journey, mainland, season, port, harbour