St Peter's Geography Medium Term Plan 2021-22



<u>Year 2</u>



Autumn 2	Spring 2	Summer 2
Alaskan Adventure	Karibu Kenya	Life on an Island
A comparison of human and physical geography of a	A comparison of human and physical geography of a region	A comparison of human and physical geography of two
region of the United Kingdom (Bury) and a region in a	of the United Kingdom (Greater Manchester) and a region	contrasting islands.
contrasting non-European country (Anchorage, Alaska).	in a contrasting non-European country (Nairobi, Kenya).	conn do nig iolando.
Links to prior learning: Y1 Little Explorers, Y1 The	Links to prior learning: Y1 Exploring the North West.	Links to prior learning: Y1 - The Great UK, Y1 Little
Great Uk, Y1 Wonderful Weather		Explorers, Y2 Alaskan Adventure, Y2 Karibu Kenya
Lesson 1 – To locate Bury, England and Anchorage,	Lesson 1 - To locate England and Kenya on a world map,	Lesson 1 - To locate the Isle of Wight and Hawaii on a
Alaska and all continents and oceans on a world map .	their continents, capital cities and nearest oceans.	world map including their continents, surrounding seas
Locational Knowledge	Locational Knowledge	and oceans.
Name and locate the world's seven continents and	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five	Locational Knowledge
five oceans.	oceans.	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five
Name, locate and identify characteristics of the	Name and locate the four countries and capital cities of	oceans.
four countries and capital cities of the United	the UK and its surroundings seas.	Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four
Kingdom.	<u>Geographical Skills</u>	countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom.
Geographical Skills	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United	<u>Geographical Skills</u>
Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the	Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries,	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United
United Kingdom and its countries as well as the	continents and oceans studied at this key stage.	Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries,
countries, continents and oceans studied at this key		continents and oceans studied at this key stage.
stage.	Locate Nairobi and Greater Manchester and discuss	
	locations of all of the above in relation to	Identify England and discuss Isle of Wight being an island
Locate their continents and nearest oceans and discuss	Anchorage/Alaska.	off England; identify capital and Europe. Locate Hawaii and
that Alaska is not a country but a state whereas	Ensure children know the difference between the sea	capital and discuss it being an island near Florida and it
England is a country.	(covered in Y1) and the ocean.	being part of North America.
Discuss prior learning: Y1 The Great UK (location of	Discuss prior learning: V1 The Great UK (location of	Discuss prior learning: Y1 The Great UK (location of
countries within the UK and the surrounding seas;	countries within the UK and the surrounding seas; locating	countries within the UK and the surrounding seas:
locating Bury on a UK map.)	Bury on a UK map.)	the English Channel, the North Sea, the Irish Sea).
		Recap all other world oceans and continents. Y2 Alaskan
		Adventure (location of Alaska in relation to Hawaii, oceans
		and continents), Y2 Karibu Kenya (location on Kenya in
		relation to Hawaii.

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Alaskan Adventure	Karibu Kenya	Life on an Island
A comparison of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom (Bury) and a region in a contrasting non-European country (Anchorage, Alaska).	A comparison of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom (Greater Manchester) and a region in a contrasting non-European country (Nairobi, Kenya).	A comparison of human and physical geography of two contrasting islands.
Lesson 2 - To identify what the Equator is and how	Lesson 2 - To identify and compare some physical	Lesson 2 - To use atlases, globes and maps and
it impacts on climate around the world.	features of Greater Manchester and Nairobi.	directional language to locate countries in relation to
Physical Geography	Physical Geography	Hawaii and the Isle of Wight.
Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:	Geographical skills
in relation to the Equator and the North and South	physical features, including: forest, mountain, rivers,	Use simple compass direction (North, South, East, West)
Poles.	vegetation.	and locational and directional language (near, far, left,
Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:		right).
physical features, including: season, weather.	Identify: valleys, rivers, mountains, forests, vegetation in	<u>Geographical Skills</u>
<u>Place Knowledge</u>	both regions. Mount Kenya is about 90 miles north east of	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United
Understand geographical similarities and differences	Nairobi but can be seen from Nairobi. Explain what a valley	Kingdom and its countries as well as the countries,
through studying the human and physical geography of a	is and ensure children know the difference between a hill	continents and oceans studied at this key stage.
small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in	(covered in Y1) and a mountain. 175 named mountains in	
a contrasting non-European country.	Greater Manchester but they are all under 1000m at the	Recap location of Kenya, Alaska and countries within the UK
Identify where Anchorage, Alaska and Bury, UK are on	highest point. Mount Kenya is 5199m at its highest point.	on the map in relation to Hawaii and the Isle of Wight.
the map in relation to the Equator. Discuss how the	Discuss prior learning: Y2 Alaskan Adventure (what we	Discuss prior learning: V1 The Great UK (location of
Equator affects climate around the world.	already know about physical features and how they are	countries within the UK and the surrounding seas:
Equator affects climate a band the world.	different to human features).	the English Channel, the North Sea, the Irish Sea). Y1
Discuss prior learning: Y1 Little Explorers (discuss		Little Explorers 4 point compass direction.
what children already know about the weather and		Y2 Alaskan Adventure (location of Alaska in relation to
seasons).		Hawaii), Y2 Karibu Kenya (location on Kenya in relation to
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Hawaii.
Lesson 3 - To compare the climate in Bury and	Lesson 3 - To identify and compare seasonal weather	Lesson 3 – To use aerial photographs to identify physical
Anchorage.	patterns of Greater Manchester and Nairobi	features of Hawaii and Isle of Wight.
Physical Geography	Physical Geography	Physical Geography
Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world	Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:
in relation to the Equator and the North and South	relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.	physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, sea.
Poles.	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:	
Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:	physical features, including: season, weather.	Identify and compare key physical features: beach, cliff,
physical features, including: season, weather.		coast, seas.
	Discuss the climate in both countries and relate to the	
Discuss prior learning: Y1 Little Explorers (discuss	equator, North and South Poles.	Discuss prior learning: Y1 The Great UK (location of
what children already know about the weather and	Identify how the weather changes in each country based on	countries within the UK and the surrounding seas:
seasons).	the seasons.	the English Channel, the North Sea, the Irish Sea).

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Alaskan Adventure A comparison of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom (Bury) and a region in a contrasting non-European country (Anchorage, Alaska).	Karibu Kenya A comparison of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom (Greater Manchester) and a region in a contrasting non-European country (Nairobi, Kenya).	Life on an Island A comparison of human and physical geography of two contrasting islands.
Lesson 4 - To compare the River Irwell in Bury and Eagle River in Anchorage. <u>Physical Geography</u> Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: physical features, including: river. Compare rivers: Eagle River and River Irwell. <u>Discuss prior learning:</u> Location of River Irwell (Y1 Little Explorers).	Discuss prior learning: Y2 Alaskan Adventure (equator and recap why Alaska is such a cold country). Lesson 4 - To identify and compare animals that can be found in Greater Manchester and Nairobi. Place Knowledge Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country. Discuss the differences between how populated the cities are the plant life and climate and how this has an impact on the animals that live there (in the wild). Discuss prior learning: Recap what we know about different climates (Alaskan Adventure) and discuss how this can impact on the animals that live in a specific place.	Lesson 4 - To compare the seasonal and daily weather patterns of Hawaii and the Isle of Wight. Physical Geography Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles. Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: physical features, including: season, weather. Discuss the climate in both places and relate to the equator, North and South Poles. Identify how the weather changes in each country based on the seasons. Discuss prior learning: Y2 Alaskan Adventure, Y2 Karibu Kenya (equator and recap why Alaska is a country and Kenya
Lesson 5 - To use aerial photographs to compare human landmarks in Anchorage and Bury. <u>Geographical Skills</u> Use of aerial photographs to plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic physical and human features; devise a simple map, use and construct basic symbols and a key. Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map. <u>Human Geography</u> Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: human features, including: city, town.	Lesson 5 - To compare human features of Nairobi and Greater Manchester linked to work. <u>Human Geography</u> Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: human features, including: city, town. factory, farm, office, shop. Identify the different jobs that people have in each region and explore why they are different. Use key vocab: city, town. factory, farm, office, shop. Discuss jobs in a busy city compared to those in the countryside.	is a hot country). Lesson 5 - To explore human features of Hawaii and the Isle of Wight. <u>Human Geography</u> Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: human features, including: city, town. village, shop, house. Locate cities, towns and villages and share pictures of some of these; talk about their differences between the two places in relation to shops, jobs and houses. <u>Discuss prior learning:</u> houses and jobs specific to the locations as discussed with jobs in Kenya and Alaska.

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Devise a simple map and construct symbols and a key. <u>Discuss prior learning</u> : Y1 Little Explorers (human features within Bury, compass directions and simple map work).	Discuss prior learning: Y1 Little Explorers, Y2 Alaskan Adventure (discuss what children already know about jobs in Bury and that jobs are different depending on the country you live in. E.g. jobs in Alaska that wouldn't be common in the UK such as a snow plougher).	
Lesson 6 - To compare the human features of Bury and Anchorage. <u>Human Geography</u> Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: human features, including: town, city, village, shop, house. Use vocab: city, town, village, house, shop. Explore different jobs and housing and discuss specific jobs in Anchorage that wouldn't be common and Bury and why e.g. snow plougher. <u>Discuss prior learning:</u> Y1 Little Explorers, Y1 The Great Uk (identify human features the children already know).	Lesson 6 - To compare human features of Nairobi and Greater Manchester linked to towns housing. <u>Human Geography</u> Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: human features, including: city, town. house. Explore the different houses people live in and materials they are made with. Discuss what houses look like as part of a city where lots of people need to live so they are close to their work. <u>Discuss prior learning:</u> Y1 Little Explorers, Y2 Alaskan Adventure (discuss what children already know about towns and housing in Bury).	Lesson 6 - To use aerial photographs to identify harbours and ports in Hawaii and Isle of Wight. <u>Human Geography</u> Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key human features: harbour, port. <u>Discuss prior learning:</u> Y2 Alaskan Adventure - use of aerial photos.
Use geographical sources, e.g.	books, pictures, atlases, globes, digital mapping, statistics,	trips and visitors and the internet
<u>Vocabulary</u> continent, aerial photograph, symbol, season, autumn, winter, summer, spring, landmarks, climate, city, town, village	<u>Vocabulary</u> country, capital city, ocean, river, mountain, forest, vegetation, factory, farm, village, town, season	<u>Vocabulary</u> ocean, vegetation, climate, physical/human features, population, transport, journey, mainland, season, port, harbour