Athletics

National Curriculum Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

National Curriculum Statement:

Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2	
Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a them in different ways and to link them to make should enjoy communicating, collaborating and develop an understanding of how to improve in learn how to evaluate and recognise their own	e actions and sequences of movement. They I competing with each other. They should I different physical activities and sports and
Objectives:		
Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	Upper Key Stage 2
Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly competent and confident, and access a broad range of activities to extend their agility, balance and coordination;	Become increasingly competent and confident, and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, Balance and coordination	Develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports, and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success

Learning Outcomes:

	T	I	I	I	I
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Be able to evaluate	Be able to attempt a	Run at fast, medium	Link running and	Understand and	Choose the best
their performance	variety of throwing	and slow speeds,	jumping activities with	demonstrate the	pace for a running
using time;	techniques in order to	changing speed and	some fluency, control	difference between	event, so that they
	improve accuracy;	direction;	and consistency;	sprinting and running	can sustain their
Know and understand				for sustained periods;	running and improve
quicker and slower	Know and understand	Be able to run, jump	Make up and repeat a		on a personal target;
ways of travelling;	how the position of the	and throw using a	short sequence of	Know and	
	body affects throwing	variety of techniques	linked jumps;	demonstrate a range	Show control at
Develop fundamental	performance;			of throwing	take-off in jumping
movement skills. E.g.	_	Know and understand	Take part in a relay	techniques;	activities;
hopping, skipping;	Develop fundamental	how altering the	activity, remembering		
	movement skills,	movement of any	when to run and what	Throw with some	Show accuracy and
Engage in competitive	becoming increasingly	parts of the body	to do;	accuracy and power	good technique
and cooperative	competent and	during performance		into a target area;	when throwing for
physical activities in a	confident, and access a	affects end results	Throw a variety of		distance;
range of increasingly	broad range of activities		objects, changing	Perform a range of	
challenging situations;	to extend their agility,	Learn to use skills in	their action for	jumps, showing	Organise and
	balance and	different ways and	accuracy and	consistent technique	manage an athletic
	coordination;	link them to make	distance;	and sometimes using	event well;
	F	actions		a short run-up;	
	Engage in competitive		Recognize when their	DI 1:00 ()	Understand how
	and cooperative physical	Develop an	heart rate,	Play different roles in	stamina and power
	Activities in a range of	understanding of how	temperature and	small groups;	help people to
	increasingly challenging	to improve in different	breathing rate have	D 1 1 1:00	perform well in
	situations;	physical activities	changed	Relate different types	different athletic
	Po oble to perform 1:2			of activity to different	activities;
	Be able to perform 1:2,			heart rates and body	
	2:2, 2:1 and 1:1 jumps			temperatures, and	

Know and understand how different jumping techniques affect distance travelled;	activities when warming up;	Identify good athletic performance and explain why it is good, using agreed criteria
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- To be able to negotiate space successfully.
- Children can stand momentarily on one foot when shown
- Children experiment with different ways of moving.
- They jump off an object and land appropriately.
- They negotiate space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles.
- Children move freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping.
- Children can travel with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment.

Dance

National Curriculum Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2	
Pupils should develop fundamental movement	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a	broader range of skills, learning how to use
skills, become increasingly competent and	them in different ways and to link them to make	e actions and sequences of movement. They
confident and access a broad range of	should enjoy communicating, collaborating and	competing with each other. They should
opportunities to extend their agility, balance and	develop an understanding of how to improve in	different physical activities and sports and
coordination, individually and with others. They	learn how to evaluate and recognise their own	success.
should be able to engage in competitive (both		
against self and against others) and co-operative		
physical activities, in a range of increasingly		
challenging situations.		
Objectives:		
Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	Upper Key Stage 2
Be able to link and perform a series of	Know and understand how to maximise	Continue to apply and develop a broad range
movements based on an imaginary character;	personalities by making powerful face and	of skills, learning how to use them in different
Develop fundamental meyement ekille hegeming	body movement changes;	ways and link them to make actions and
Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming		sequences of movement;
increasingly competent and confident, and	Become increasingly competent and	
	confident, and access a broad range of	

access a broad range of opportunities to extend agility, balance and coordination;	opportunities to extend agility, balance and coordination; Continue to apply and develop a broad range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and link them to make actions and	Become more competent, confident and expert in techniques, and understand what makes a performance effective and how to apply these principles to their own and others work;
	ways and link them to make actions and	
	sequences of movement;	

- To be able to negotiate space successfully.
- Children can stand momentarily on one foot when shown
- Children experiment with different ways of moving.
- Children move freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping.

(Fundamental) Games

Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
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- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

National Curriculum:

Koy Stage 1

Ney Stage 1
Pupils should develop fundamental movement
skills, become increasingly competent and
confident and access a broad range of
opportunities to extend their agility, balance and
coordination, individually and with others. They
should be able to engage in competitive (both
against self and against others) and co-operative
physical activities, in a range of increasingly
challenging situations.
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Key Stage 2

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

Obj	jective	S:
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Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	Upper Key Stage 2
Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly competent and confident;		
Access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others;		

Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

- They run skilfully and negotiate space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles.
- They negotiate space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles.
- Children move freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping.
- Children show increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it.
- Children can travel with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment.

Gymnastics

Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2	
Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.	
Objectives:		
Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	Upper Key Stage 2
Develop core movement, become increasingly competent and confident, and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others.	Continue to implement and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and link them to make actions and sequences of movement	Continue to implement and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and link them to make actions and sequence of movements;

				Enjoy communicating and collaborating;	
Learning Outcome	es:				
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Show basic control and coordination when travelling and when remaining still; Choose and link 'like' actions; Remember and repeat these actions accurately and consistently; Find and use space safely, with an awareness of others; Identify and copy the basic actions of gymnasts; Use words such as	Plan and repeat simple sequences of actions; show contrasts in shape; Perform a sequence that shows clear change of speed; Perform the basic gymnastic actions with coordination, control and variety; Recognise and describe how they feel after exercise; Describe what their bodies feel like during gymnastic activity; Describe what they and	Use a greater number of their own ideas for movements in response to a task; Choose and plan sequences of contrasting actions; Adapt sequences to suit different types of apparatus and their partner's ability; Explain how strength and suppleness affect performance; Compare and contrast gymnastic sequences, commenting on	Perform actions, balances, body shapes and agilities with control; Plan, perform and repeat longer sequences that include changes of speed and level, clear shapes and quality of movement; Adapt their own movements to include a partner in a sequence; Understand that strength and suppleness can be improved;	Create, practise and refine longer, more complex sequences for a performance, including changes in level, direction and speed; Choose actions, body shapes and balances from a wider range of themes and ideas; Adapt their performance to the demands of a task, using their knowledge of composition; Use basic set criteria to make simple judgements about	Make up longer, more complex sequences, including changes of direction, level and speed; Develop their own solutions to a task by choosing and applying a range of compositional principles; Combine and perform gymnastic actions, shapes and balances; Show clarity, fluency, accuracy and consistency in
rolling, travelling, balancing, climbing;	others have done;	Similarities and differences;	Recognise criteria that lead to	performances and	their movements;

Make their body tense, relaxed, stretched and curled; Describe what they	Say why they think gymnastic actions are being performed well Be able to perform a	With help, recognise how performances could be improved; Be able to perform a	improvement, e.g. changing a level; watch, describe and suggest possible improvements to	Suggest ways they could be improved Be able to link and perform multiple	Say, in simple terms, why activity is good for their health, fitness and wellbeing;
do in their movement phrases	sequence that flows;	sequence in time with a partner; Know and understand to teach a sequence to a partner; Suggest warm-up activities;	others' performances; Suggest improvements to their own performance Be able to perform a sequence following a pathway, in time with a partner; Know and understand how to sequence movements that move people together and apart lead a partner through short warm-up routines;	sequential elements e.g. up to 8 understand the need for warming up and working on body strength, tone and flexibility; Lead small groups in warm-up activities;	Show an awareness of factors influencing the quality of a performance and suggest aspects that need improving Be able to link at 3 different levels; Know and understand how to perform at different levels; Be able to link and perform multiple sequential elements e.g. up to 10 Be able to adapt an individual sequence to become a group sequence;

	Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down;
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- Children can stand momentarily on one foot when shown.
- Children experiment with different ways of moving.
- They negotiate space successfully.
- They jump off an object and land appropriately.
- Children move freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping.

Invasion Games

Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2	Key Stage 2			
Pupils should develop fundamental movement	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a	broader range of skills, learning how to use			
skills, become increasingly competent and	them in different ways and to link them to make	e actions and sequences of movement. They			
confident and access a broad range of	should enjoy communicating, collaborating and	I competing with each other. They should			
opportunities to extend their agility, balance and	develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and				
coordination, individually and with others. They	learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.				
should be able to engage in competitive (both					
against self and against others) and co-operative					
physical activities, in a range of increasingly					
challenging situations.					
Objectives:					
Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	Upper Key Stage 2			
	Continue to develop fundamental movement skills and become increasingly confident and competent;	Apply and develop a broader range of skills, using them in different ways and linking then to make actions and sequences of movement;			

Apply a broader range of skills, learning how
to use them in different ways

Be able to engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations, and enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other;

Develop and understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports, and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success;

Further develop and understand resilience and fairness in sports;

Learning Outcomes:

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Throw and catch with control to keep	Play games with some fluency and	Pass, dribble and shoot with control in	Use different techniques for
		possession and score 'goals';	accuracy, using a range of throwing and	games;	passing, controlling, dribbling and
		Pass and dribble with	catching techniques;	Identify and use tactics to help their	shooting the ball in games;
		control without opponent;	Pass and dribble with control under	team keep the ball and take it towards	Apply basic
		Be able to bounce the	pressure;	the opposition's goal;	principles of team play to keep
		ball in the direction of a target;	Find ways of attacking successfully when using other	Identify tactics that present opportunities	possession of the ball; use marking, tackling and/or
		Know and use rules fairly to keep games	skills;	to score goals Mark opponents and	interception to improve their
		going;	Use a variety of simple tactics for	help each other in defence;	defence;
			attacking well,	·	Play effectively as part of a team;
			keeping possession of the ball as a team,	Pick out things that could be improved in	part of a team,

Say when a player has moved to help others; Apply this knowledge to their own play Suggest warm-up activities;	and getting into positions to score; Know the rules of the games; Understand that they need to defend as well as attack; Understand how strength, stamina and speed can be improved by playing invasion games; Watch and describe others' performances, as well as their own, and suggest practices that will help them and others to play better	Performances and suggest ideas and practices to make them better To develop their own game and to be able to agree and teach the rules of it; Know how to make games safe; Be able to attempt to intercept Be able to participate in small sided game e.g. 5 a-side Understand the need for warming up and working on body strength, tone and flexibility:	Know what position they are playing in and how to contribute when attacking and defending; Recognise their own and others' strengths and weaknesses in games; Suggest ideas that will improve performance Be able to describe an attacking position and a defending position within a game situation; Know and understand positions
	that will help them and others to play	for warming up and working on body	position within a game situation;
	Be able to move to the correct position in order to attempt to score;	flexibility; Lead small groups in warm-up activities;	understand positions that help attacking and defending positions within a game;
			Understand the importance of

	Lead a partner through short warm- up routines;	warming up and cooling down;

Net and Wall Games

Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2		
Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.		
Objectives:			
Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	Upper Key Stage 2	
Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly competent and confident;	Know and understand how to position themselves to make defending an area easier;	Continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways	

Access a broad range of opportunities to extend
their agility, balance and coordination, individually
and with others;

Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

Continue to develop fundamental movement skills and become increasingly confident and competent;

Apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways

Develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports, and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success; Enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other;

Develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports, and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success;

Learning Outcomes:

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Able to send an	Demonstrates basic	Attempts to serve to	Explores shots on	Plays a range of basic	Uses forehand,
object with increased	sending skills in isolation	begin a game. E.g.	both sides of the	shots on both sides of	backhand and
confidence using	and small games;	underarm;	body and attempt	the body, move feet to	overhead shots with
hand or bat;			with confidence;	hit ball;	more confidence in
	Tracks the path of ball	Plays a continuous	introduction of		games;
Moves towards a	over a line/net and move	game using: throwing	forehand and	Plays modified games	
moving ball to return	towards it;	and catching or some	backhand	sending and returning	Makes appropriate
with hand or bat;		simple hitting;		a ball;	choices in games
	Hits a ball using both		Uses a small range of		about the best shot
Scores points against	hand and racquet with	Keeps count/score of	racquet/hand skills;	Plays with others with	to use;
opposition over a	some consistency;	a game;		some flow to the	
line/net;			Works with a partner	game, keeping track	Starts games with
	Returns a ball coming	Can play within	/ small groups to	of their own scores;	the appropriate
Selects and applies	towards them using hand	boundaries;	return a served ball;		serve;
skills to win points;	or racquet;			Recognises where	
		Uses a small range of	Plays competitively	they should stand on	Begins to use full
Chases, stops and		basic racquet skills;	with others and	the court when playing	scoring systems;
controls balls and					

other objects such as	Plays in a modified game	Moves towards a ball	against others in	on their own and with	Develops doubles
beanbags and hoops;	send and returning the	to return over a	modified games;	others;	play (team play for
beambage and meeps,	ball over a line/barrier;	line/net;	inioamoa gamos,		volleyball);
Identifies space to	ball over a line/barrier,	11110/1101,	Uses basic defensive	Applies some control	voneysan),
send a ball;	Decides on and play with	Plays over a net;	tactics to defend the	when returning the	Applies tactics in
Scrid a ball,	dominant hand;	l lays over a net,	court i.e. moving to	ball including foot	games effectively;
Be able to send an	dominant nand,	Suggest warm-up	different positions on	placement, shot	garries effectively,
object in isolation;	Be able to send a ball in	activities;	the court;	selection and aim;	Understand the
object in isolation,	small games with	activities,	the court,	Selection and aim,	importance of
Moves towards a	increased confidence;		Chooses ways to	Be able to describe	
	increased confidence,		send the ball to make	their scoring system;	warming up and
moving ball to return it with hand or bat;	Tracks the path of a ball		it difficult for	their scoring system,	cooling down;
it with hand or bat,	over a line/net and moves		opponent to return;	Understand the need	
	towards it;		opponent to return,	for warming up and	
Be able to	towards it,		Suggests and lead	working on body	
demonstrate basic			warm ups that	strength, tone and	
sending skills in	Be able to demonstrate		prepare the body	flexibility;	
isolation;	sending skills in isolation		appropriately for	ilexibility,	
isolation,	and basic games;		net/wall activities;	Lead small groups in	
	and basis games,		Tiet/Waii activities,	· ·	
			Enjoy	warm-up activities;	
			Enjoy communicating,		
			collaborating and		
			competing with each		
			other;		
			Load a partner		
			Lead a partner		
			through short warm-		
			up routines;		

Outdoor and Adventurous Activities

Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2	Key Stage 2			
Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.				
Objectives:					
Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	Upper Key Stage 2			
	Enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing in physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations;	Continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways;			

		improve in different acti evaluate and recognise Become increasingly co skills, and access a bro	Enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. Develop an understanding of how to competing with each other. Develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports, and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success; elop these skills, learning to use of the second state of the second		
Learning Outcome	s:				
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Identify where they are by using simple plans and diagrams of familiar environments; Use simple plans and diagrams to help them follow a short trail and go from one place to another; Respond to a challenge or problem they are set; Begin to work and behave safely;	Respond to a challenge or problem they are set; Begin to work and behave safely; Work increasingly cooperatively with others, discussing how to follow trails and solve problems; Recognise that different tasks make their body work in different ways;	Start to plan sensible responses to physical challenges or problems, talking and working with others in their group; Recognise some of the physical demands that activities make on them; Identify parts of the work that were successful;	Choose and perform skills and strategies effectively; Find solutions to problems and challenges; Respond when the task or environment changes and the challenge increases; Plan, implement and refine the strategies they use;

Work increasingly	Comment on how	Respond to feedback	Adapt the strategies
cooperatively with	they went about	on how to go about	as necessary;
others, discussing	tackling tasks	their work differently	
how to follow trails			Work increasingly
and solve problems;	Be able to devise	Respond to feedback	well in a group or in
	different methods of	on how to go about	a team where roles
Recognise that	communication;	their work differently	and responsibilities
different tasks make			are understood;
their body work in		Work on some tasks	
different ways;		independently	Prepare physically
			and organisationally
Comment on how		Complete activities	for challenges they
they went about		with increasing	are set, taking into
tackling tasks		confidence	account the group's
			safety;
Be able to devise			
different methods of			Identify what they do
communication;			well, as individuals
			and as a group;
			Suggest ways to
			Suggest ways to improve individuals
			and as a group
			and as a group
			Work independently
			**On macponacity
			Complete activities
			with confidence and
			competence
			22

Striking and Fielding Games

Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
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- lead healthy, active lives.

Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2		
Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.		
Objectives:			
Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	Upper Key Stage 2	
	Apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways;	Continue to develop fundamental movement skills and become increasingly competent and confident;	
	Be able to engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations, and	To know and understand the tactics in a range of striking and fielding games. E.g. in	

	enjoying communicating and collaborating and competing with each other;	cricket multiple fielders attempt to stop the batter's play;
	Start to develop and understand how to improve, and learn to evaluate and recognise their own success;	Apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways;
		Be able to engage in competitive and cooperative activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations, and enjoying communicating, collaborating and competing with each other;
Learning Outcomes:	I	

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Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Use a range of skills,	Use a range of skills,	Strike a bowled ball	Strike a bowled ball
		e.g. throwing, striking,	e.g. throwing, striking,	with some accuracy;	with precision ball;
		intercepting and	intercepting and	use a range of fielding	use a range of
		<i>stopping a ball</i> , with	<i>stopping a ball</i> , with	skills, <i>e.g. catching,</i>	fielding skills, e.g.
		some control and	good control and	throwing, bowling,	catching, throwing,
		accuracy;	accuracy;	<i>intercepting</i> , with	bowling,
				growing control and	intercepting, with
		Continue to develop	Choose and vary	consistency;	growing control and
		fundamental	skills and tactics to		consistency;
		movement skills and	suit the situation in a	Work collaboratively	
		become increasingly	game;	in pairs, group	Continue to work
		competent and		activities and small-	collaboratively in
		confident;	Carry out tactics	sided games;	pairs, group
			successfully;		activities and small-
		To understand the		Use and apply the	sided games;
		need for tactics;		basic rules	
				consistently and fairly;	

To be able to pass and catch within pairs; Know and understand rules of the game; Set up small games; Explain what they need to do to get ready to play games; Suggest what needs practising; Know and understand how hitting the ball further increases the chances of running further distances; Suggest warm-up activities;	To be able to pass and catch within a small team; Know rules and use them fairly to keep games going; Carry out warm ups with care and an awareness of what is happening to their bodies; Describe what they and others do that is successful; Be able to bat and run to distance bases; Lead a partner through short warm-up routines;	Recognise the activities and exercises that need including in a warm up; Identify their own strengths and suggest practices to help them improve; Know and understand how to score points; Start to develop an understanding of how to improve, and learn to evaluate and recognise their own success; Be able to score points by hitting a ball and running safely to the target;	Continue to use and apply the basic rules consistently and fairly; Understand and implement a range of tactics in games with success; Deliver a specific warm up to a small group of peers; Identify their own and others strengths and suggest practices to help them improve; Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down;
Suggest warm-up	through short warm-	Be able to score points by hitting a ball and running safely to	importance of warming up and

Understand the need for warming up and working on body strength, tone and flexibility;
Lead small groups in warm-up activities;

Throwing and catching/ball skills

National Curriculum Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2	
Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.	
Objectives:		
Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2 (Year 3)	Upper Key Stage 2
To use hand eye co-ordination to control a ball. To be able to send and receive different objects,	Develop the ability to control a ball while moving, throwing and catching it.	
targeting the receiver's hands.	There are described in a second second and	
To be able to use different types of passes. Understand techniques for dribbling and passing. Catch a ball at different heights.	Throw and catch with increasing control and accuracy.	

Understand the rules of sports games and	Develop and demonstrate a variety of throwing	
demonstrate learnt techniques.	and catching techniques e.g. underarm throw.	
	Understand rules of ball games and apply tactics.	
EVEC		

- Children can catch a large ball.
- Children show increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it.